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# SAMPLE LEVEL 3 EXAMPLE QUESTIONS



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The theory areas are important parts of the Level 3 assessment, comprised of three elements:

- **'Job Planning Form' [FM-061ENG]** which should be completed from a scenario provided by the Assessor.
- **'Level 3 Equipment Inspection Report' [FM-019ENG]** is to be completed specific to equipment provided by the Assessor.
- Theory Questions:
  - 20 Level 2 questions must be given, these must include at least two questions from each of the seven syllabus category items listed in section 6 of the 'Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme' (TACS) [TC-101ENG].
  - 10 Level 3 questions must all be given, these must include at least one question from each of the seven syllabus category items listed in section 6 of the 'Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme' (TACS) [TC-101ENG].

Syllabus categories: planning and management, equipment, rigging, rigging for rescue and hauling, rope manoeuvres, climbing techniques and rope rescues.

#### Planning and Management

- 1. What are the five steps to 'Risk Assessment'?
- 2. If the first is to avoid the hazard, summarise "hierarchy of measures" as stated in "The Work at Height Regulations 2005, Regulation 6" (avoidance of risks from work at height).
- 3. What information should be available on site as recommended by the 'IRATA International Code of Practice' (ICOP) [TC-102ENG]?
- 4. Name three important considerations when signing other Technicians logbooks.
- 5. How would you use the Materials Safety Data Sheet (COSHH sheet) to determine whether a product had any harmful effects on rope or webbing?
- 6. Write a brief definition of each of the following categories of working at height:
  - Work Positioning
  - Work Restraint
  - Fall Arrest

### Equipment

- 7. What is the SWL of a sewn tape sling with a breaking load of 25kN? What would be the SWL if the sling was lark's footed or choked?
- 8. A CE mark on a PPE product indicates what?
- 9. Most PPE used for rope access is category 3.
  - What does this mean?
  - Is it a sign of quality?

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- 10. Give the full EN standard for the following items of equipment:
  - Low stretch rope
  - Sit harness
  - Descender
  - 'Shunt' type back-up device
  - Helmet suitable for rope access
- 11. Give the full EN standard for the following items of equipment:
  - Dynamic rope
  - Karabiners
  - Ascenders
  - Full body harness
  - Flexible line, guided type fall arrestor
- 12. Define a "Competent Person" who is capable of carrying out a 'Thorough Examination'.
- 13. Under Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations (LOLER) 1998, at what intervals should a 'Thorough Examination' take place?
- 14. Under Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations (LOLER) 1998, what 'inspections' are necessary apart from 'Thorough Examinations'?
- 15. What are the specific SWL's of the following items of equipment?
  - Low stretch rope with a breaking load of 3000kg.
  - Dynamic rope.
  - Petzl Stop descender.
  - Karabiner with a breaking load of 25kN.

### Rigging

- 16. What is the difference between, Working Load Limit (WLL) and Safe Working Load (SWL)?
- 17. What is the difference between a single-anchor deviation and a double-anchor deviation?

### **Rigging for Rescue and Hauling**

- 18. List four situations where the loading of the equipment or system used for rope access could exceed one person (i.e. beyond normal deployment).
- 19. If you were hauling a load with a 2:1 mechanical advantage, and you added a 3:1 to it, and then a further 3:1 to that, what would the mechanical advantage now be?

#### **Rope Manoeuvres**

20. What should the overall minimum strength requirement of a rope access anchor system be when rigging a set of rope for descent?

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## **Climbing Techniques and Rope Rescues**

- 21. Detail five key safety factors when considering lead climbing as a method of access.
- 22. Explain how, and in what circumstances a Fall Factor 5 might be achieved.